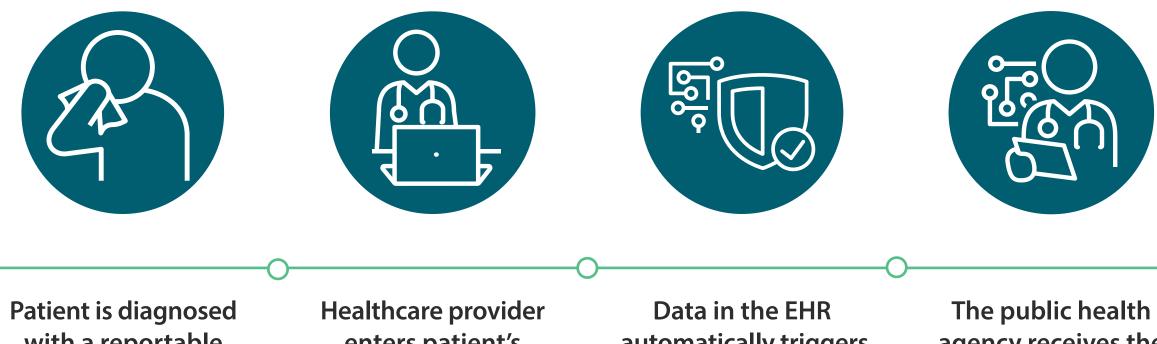
HOW DOES ELECTRONIC CASE REPORTING (eCR) WORK? An example of the eCR process



with a reportable condition, such as COVID-19

enters patient's information into the electronic health record (EHR)

automatically triggers a case report that is validated and sent to the appropriate public health agencies if it meets reportability criteria

agency receives the case report in real time and a response about reportability is sent back to the provider





State or local health department reaches out to patient for contact tracing, services, or other public health action

cdc.gov/eCR

CS318109-A 7/30/2020 7 PM

eCR Now: COVID-19 Electronic Case Reporting for Healthcare Providers Improve public health action with real-time data flow

Accessible version: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/electronic-case-reporting.html</u>

Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) is the automated generation and transmission of case reports from the electronic health record (EHR) to public health agencies for review and action. eCR makes disease reporting from healthcare to public health faster and easier. It moves data securely and seamlessly—from the EHR at the point of care, to data systems at state, territorial, and local agencies. eCR also allows public health to provide information back to healthcare professionals. This timely data sharing provides a real-time picture of COVID-19 to support outbreak management. <u>eCR Now</u> is a strategic initiative that enables rapid adoption and implementation of eCR for COVID-19.

eCR reduces burden on healthcare professionals, staff, and facilities without disrupting the clinical workflow.

- · Will fulfill your clinicians' reporting requirements
- Automatically sends required information to all appropriate public health agencies
- Eliminates the need for manual data entry, faxing, or responding to calls from public health agencies
- Offers credit through the Promoting Interoperability Program for implementing eCR
- Is compliant with HIPAA and state reporting laws
- Improves COVID-19 reporting immediately and allows expansion to all reportable conditions

eCR implementation is easy.

- Onboard in as few as three days with most EHR systems
- Use the Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR) app if your EHR is not eCR-enabled
- Participate through eHealth exchange or Carequality without additional legal requirements
- Enhance learning and shared experiences with a growing network of implementers nationwide

Join a nationwide network with eCR Now

"Our implementation of eCR improved the quality and timeliness of public health reporting for COVID-19 across the 19 states we serve. This national gateway was a cost-effective solution that helped close critical data gaps in wide-scale reporting that saved front line providers valuable time and money."

Paul Matthews,
Chief Technology Officer,
OCHIN, Portland, Oregon

How to get started.



Email <u>ecr@cdc.gov</u> to express interest in onboarding for eCR Now

Learn details about implementing eCR for COVID-19: <u>ecr.aimsplatform.</u> org/ecr-for-covid-19-reporting/



Contact your EHR vendor about implementing eCR now

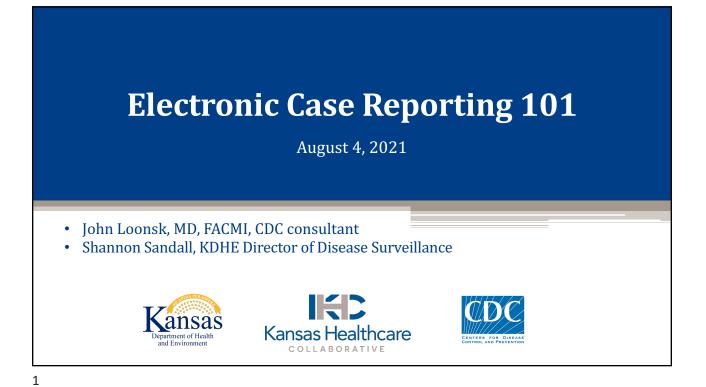
Consult with leaders in your organization for project approval

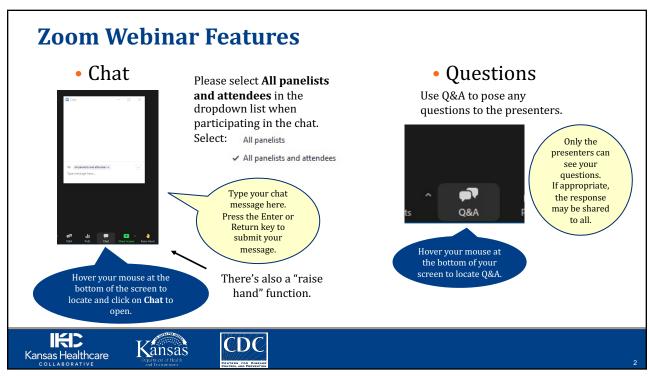
Learn more at <u>www.cdc.gov/ecr</u>

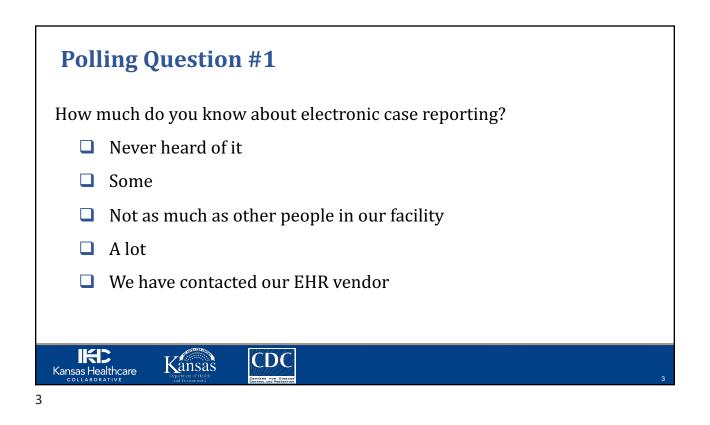
eCR is a collaborative effort of the Association of Public Health Laboratories, the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists, and CDC.

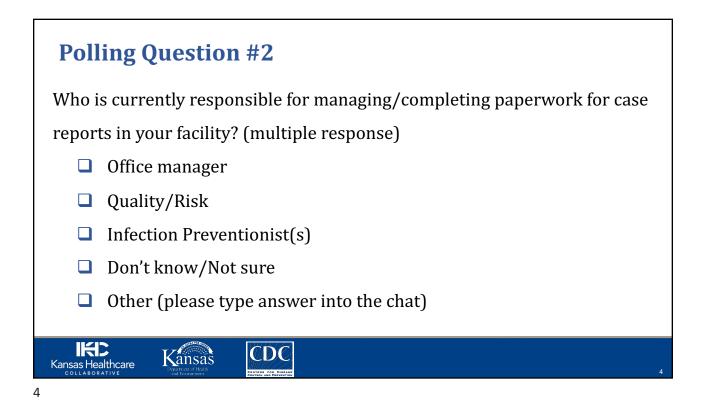
cdc.gov/coronavirus

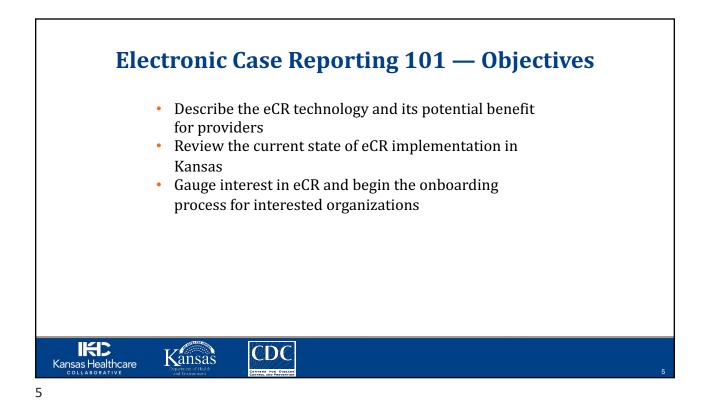


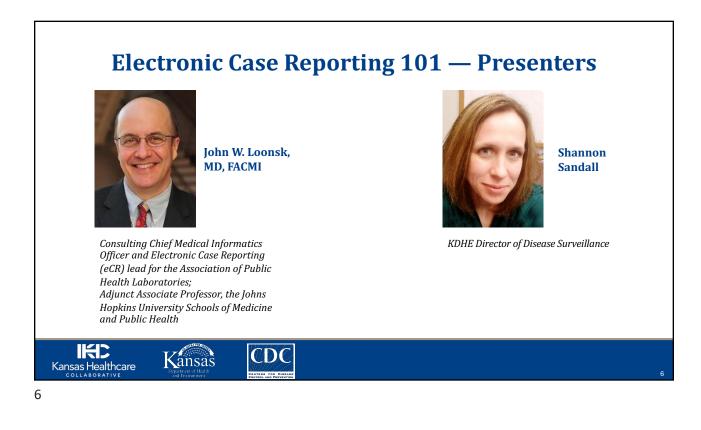












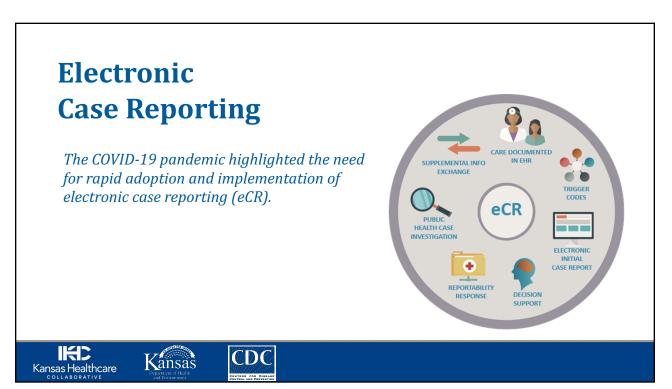
John W. Loonsk, MD, FACMI

Consulting Chief Medical Informatics Officer and Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) lead for the Association of Public Health Laboratories; Adjunct Associate Professor, the Johns Hopkins University Schools of Medicine and Public Health



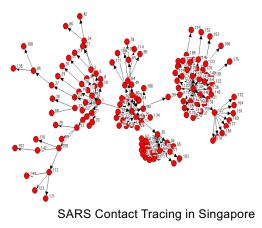
john.loonsk@jhu.edu





eCR for COVID-19, but also much more...

- COVID-19 has had a significant cost we should get the most we can for it
- Outbreaks have happened before and will happen again and yet:
 - At the start of COVID-19, the U.S. was still mostly using phones, paper, and faxes for the core public health function of case reporting to state and local public health agencies (if it was done at all)
 - COVID-19 made outbreak management, contact tracing, and other public health needs extremely apparent
- Case reporting to Public Health Agencies (PHAs) is **legally** required in both emergency and routine times
- Now that EHRs are commonplace, case reporting can be fully automated and actually reduce provider reporting burden



Bogatti SP. Reprinted in MMWR 5-9-03



