

Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System

Continuum of Care

Bridging the Gap between the Hospital and Nursing Home

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Objectives

- Name key members involved in hospital/nursing home collaborative
- Identify crucial information and resources needed for a safe patient transfer between facilities
- Learn how to examine readmissions from a Nursing Home to identify potential performance improvement changes
- Understand how a partnership with a hospital affects nursing homes

Why are we here?

- Approximately 25% of Medicare skilled nursing facility (SNF) residents are readmitted to the hospital.⁴
- Research shows that up to one-third of readmissions in patients with multiple medical problems could have been prevented with improved transitions of care.⁵
- A recent survey by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) on Patient Safety Culture found that 42% of hospitals surveyed reported the "things fall between the cracks when transferring patients from one unit to another.²

Programs on Safe Transfers









NATIONAL TRANSITIONS OF CARE COALITION



An initiative of The Commonwealth Fund & the Institute for Healthcare Improvement





The Evercare Care Model

Project Goals

- Develop a community partnership between the Health Center and each Nursing Home
- Assist in education of disease processes
- Reduce preventable readmissions to the hospital
- Improve communication and hand-off of care between facilities
 - Increase safety for our patients

Patient Safety

• "We are highly trained, highly motivated, hard working staff, with highly technical equipment where the price of failure is expensive"

John Nance



Key Collaborative Members

Hospital

- Nursing Staff from medical unit
- Case Management/Social Work
- Hospitalist
- Emergency Department Staff
- Quality/Performance
 Improvement Specialist
- VP of Patient Care Services

• Nursing Home

- Admission Coordinator
- Director of Admissions
- Director of Nursing
- Clinical Staff
- Social Worker
- Medical Director

We're Here, Now What Do We Do?

Affinity Diagram

- Take 3 minutes to write down on the sticky notes at your tables what contributes to an outstanding Thanksgiving
 - Write each comment on its own sticky note
 - Pass notes to the front when you are completed

What do you need for a safe patient transfer?





Top Areas of Concern

- Medication Reconciliation
- Hand off communication
- Patient Chart
- Education/Resources



Hand-off Communication

 Standardized nursing transfer record used between the health center and area nursing facilities.



Hospital needs:

- Advanced Directives
- Level of care (SNF, LTC, Assisted Living)
- Activities of Daily Living
- Diet, Consistency, Tube Feedings
- Special Dressing Changes

• Nursing Home Needs:

- What is the Plan of care
- Tubes and Drains
- Special Dressing Changes
- Vaccinations
- Pain Management
- Pending Cultures/Labs



Patien Patient Name:	nt Sticker or
DOB:	M / F

St. Francis Health Center Topeka, Ks

Hospital/NH Nursing Transfer Form Transfer Date:									
Primary Care Physician Admitting Diagnosis									
Chief complaint									
Allergies	Code Status: Copy of Advance Directives 🛛 Yes 🗅 No								
Procedure(s)									
Skilled, Sub-acute Long Term Care Residential/Assisted Living									
VITAL SIGNS:									
BP/	Pulse	Pulse RR Temperature SaO ₂ % O ₂ source							
Weight	BG Last BM date:								
PAIN ASSESSMENT: Last Score Assessment Tool: Do-10scale DFACES Dehavior									
DIET: Low Concentrated Sweets No Concentrated Sweets									
CONSISTENCY: Regular Thin Honey Nectar Pureed Soft Mechanical Soft									
Tube Feeding:									
MEDICATIONS: Whole Crushed Per Tube With Applesauce/Pudding									
Anticoagulant Therapy: DNo DYes, Most recent INR:									
ISOLATION: DNo DYes Location Type: DContact DAirborne Droplet									
ABNORMAL LABS:					ulture Results s	ent with patier	nt? 🗆 Yes 🗖 No		
COMPLICATIONS/ADV						ene man putter			
			TOTAL	I					
ACTIVITY	INDEPENDENT	ASSISTANCE	ASSISTANCE						
Ambulation				Vision	Normal	Impaired	Blind		
General Fall in last 3 months									
or in hospital									
Bowel/Bladder				Mental	Alert	Occ. Conf.	Confused		
Incontinent				Status					
Dressing				Appetite	Good	Fair	Poor		
Bathing					Cooperative	Disruptive	Combative		
Eating				Behavior	Withdrawn	Oriented x			
Speech	Normal	Impaired	Unable	Disabilities	Contracture	Paralysis	Amputation		
Hearing	Normal	Impaired	Deaf	Social Activity	Independent	Encourage	Individual		
RESTRAINTS: DYes DNo Type: DBehavioral DMedical/Surgical DPhysician ordered, Reason									
SITTER NEEDED:									
TUBES/DRAINS: DFo	ley – Size	Date inse	erted	Output	DPEG	Other			
Recent Foley, date	e removed:	Vo	ided since rem	noval 🛛 🖸 O	n dialysis, Can t	hey sit up for t	k? 🛛 Yes 🖾 No		
PERIPHERAL LINE: Size Site Date of insertion									
Other Line:									
EQUIPMENT: No Yes IV Infusion Pump Other									
DRESSINGS: DNo DYes Location When changed last Drainage									
Wounds: Location		Type of Dr	sq	When last	changed	Drainage			
Wounds: Location Type of DrsgWhen last changedDrainage Other Nursing Care Needs:									
ADDITIONAL: Meds given within last 2 hours									
Pain Med – Last dose:									
Immunizations: TB d	FB date: Pneumococcal date:								
Nurse giving report Phone Number									
Send form with patient									
Send form with patient									

Hand-off Communication

 Emergency phone contact for nursing home caregivers with immediate questions on a recently transferred patient

For questions regarding patients recently discharged from SFHC Hospitalist group:

Monday-Friday during regular business hours call: 785-295-XXXX Evenings after 4:30 pm & Nights and Weekends call: 785-295-XXXX

To ensure prompt service and response times, please have the patient's account or medical record number available and if possible the discharging physician name.

Patient Chart

- Discharge Checklist
- Standardized chart copy process
- Pending Labs: Post-discharge forwarding process
 - Estimated 41% of inpatients are discharged with a test result pending. 2/3 of MDs are unaware of results.⁶



Transfer to Nursing Home Checklist

(SNF, LTC, Assisted Living, Independent Living)

Patients Going to SNF or LTC

Original sent with Patient:

Transfer Referral Sheet (send original to NH, place copy on chart)

□ If patient discharging with BiPAP, ensure BiPAP settings are on order sheet

Prescriptions (send original) Ensure Narcotics have prescription

CARE assessment (provided by SW, if applicable)

Nursing Transfer Report Sheet

Copies sent with Patient:

□ Inpatient MROF & Printed copy of POC

Lab Report

Last day of vital signs

🗖 X-Ray

EKG (12-Lead)

History and Physical

Progress Notes (at least 3 days)

Consults

Rehab & Therapy

OP Reports

Order message to Lab to send all pending labs to Nursing Home (List name of nursing home in order message)

Patients Going to Assisted or Independent Living

Discharge Record (including follow-up appointment and medications)
 Complete Core Measure Education (CHF or Stroke)

Medication Reconciliation

- Class 2 narcotic lists placed on each discharging unit and given to hospitalist group
- Reminder added to the Nursing Transfer Record and Discharge Checklist



Data Reviewed

- Readmission Rate by Diagnosis
- Length of Stay for patients discharged to a SNF
- Length of Stay for patients readmitted from a SNF
- Days from Previous Admission
 - Readmissions within 0-10 days may link defects with hospital transitions
 - 7-14 days may be NH issue with processes¹

Top Diagnosis with Readmission

- Sepsis
- Heart Failure
- UTI
- Pneumonia/Respiratory Complications



- A focused discussion on diagnosis' associated with readmission
- Review on consistency of care between facilities
- Share evidence based practice related to DRG
 Provide patient education material to NH
- Identified needs from each facility



- Educational needs survey completed
- Clinician meeting every 2 months
 - The ABCs of CHF
 - Keep those Piggies at Home. A guide to the at-risk foot
 - Oral Care: Its more than just fresh breath. Tips to preventing Respiratory infections and Pneumonia



Mobile Unit

- Partnership with local university to offer additional resources to area nursing homes
 - Provide high-risk, low-volume drills using simulation scenarios including formal debriefing for the team
 - Provide the TeamSTEPPS[™] communication program for the interdisciplinary team



- Mobile Nurse Practitioner Clinic
 - Potential to provide a once a month mobile clinic with a nurse practitioner and a variety of students from the university's department of nursing and department of allied health.
 - Potential to provide a health fair for employees i.e. blood sugar screening, blood pressure screenings, cholesterol screenings, height/weight/BMI, and preventative education.

Patient Education

- Creating universal patient and family education pamphlet on the following:
 - Explain Medicare/Medicaid benefit days
 - What to bring to nursing facility
 - What to expect from day to day
 - Therapy requirements

- Case studies on when a patient unexpectedly is readmitted from a nursing home
 - Focus on patients readmitted within 15 days of discharge

- Items reviewed on readmission cases³:
 - Was patient seen by physician prior to return?
 - Was there an ED visit(s)?
 - What was the functional status of patient at discharge for hospital?
 - Was plan of care clear?
 - Review chart for any documented reasons for readmission. Social condition contributing to readmission?

- Interview patient, family, and nursing facility members about readmission³
 - How do you think patient became sick enough to return to the hospital?
 - Has anything gotten in the way of taking medications?
 - Describe typical meals last two weeks

- Typical Failures⁷:
 - Patient Assessment
 - Lack of understanding of patient's physical and cognitive functional status
 - Failure to include patient and caregivers in planning
 - Failure to recognize worsening condition before discharge
 - Patient and caregiver education
 - Instructions confusing
 - Patient does not clarify lack of understanding

- Typical Failures cont.⁷:
 - Handover communication
 - Medication discrepancies
 - Inadequate discharge instructions
 - No communication of discharge plan
 - Functional status not communicated
 - Failures following discharge
 - DC instructions confusing
 - F/U appointment too long after discharge
 - Lack of plan for when for when symptoms worsen

Benefits for Nursing Facilities

- A forum to share needs and information
- Resource person to discuss issues
- Additional education and resources for nursing facility staff



Benefits for Nursing Facilities

- Improved communication
- Increased understanding of why delays in transfer occur from hospital
- Better understanding of data
- Increased understanding on hospital regulations

Success comes from doing common things uncommonly well.

- W. Clement Stone

Questions



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